

SUFFRAGE FOES  
FEAR REVENGE

Brandegee, Smoot, Moses,  
Slated for Defeat, Demo-  
crats Say.

OPPOSED TO CHANGE

Women to Knife Penrose  
And Wadsworth, Claim  
Opponents.

(By Universal Service.)

The effect of suffrage ratification on the political complexion of the next Senate was seriously discussed by party leaders here, following receipt of the news of the Tennessee legislature's action.

Democratic leaders asserted that they will regain control of the Senate through the defeat of three of the most important seats now held by the Republicans. They claim that Senator Brandegee will be defeated in Connecticut, Senator Moses in New Hampshire and Senator Reed Smoot in Utah as a result of the giving of universal suffrage to women.

Cummings to Run.

It was announced at Democratic committee headquarters that Homer S. Cummings, former chairman of the national committee, will now be the Democratic nominee against Senator Brandegee.

The same state of affairs prevails in New Hampshire, where Senator Brandegee is also a candidate.

In Utah the race will be between Smoot and J. H. Moore, now an Assistant Secretary of the Treasury. Smoot fought the amendment for many years, but voted for it when it was finally brought before the Senate.

It is probable also that the women voters will cause some trouble in Pennsylvania for Eugene Penrose, who comes up this time for re-election. Penrose opposed the amendment every time he got a chance.

In New York the fight will be against Senator Wadsworth, always an opponent of suffrage.

Democrats Confident.

The Democrats expect to hold their own in all the other States where Democratic Senators are up for re-election. In practically all of these States the incumbents voted for suffrage.

If the Democrats succeed, with the help of the women, in defeating Brandegee, Moses and Smoot, they will have fifty members and the Republicans will have forty-six, thus giving the Democrats a majority of four.

PREPARE TO BLOCK  
RECONSIDERATION BY  
TENNESSEE SOLONS

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.

thing you need to do now to please the suffragists, all you need to do for us is to stay at home for two days." We are confident that none of the men who voted for us today will agree to such tactics.

"The vote in the House showed we had one more vote than the necessary majority of fifty, since the two men who failed to vote were attacking suffrage. If we were unable to leave his home because of his own illness, the other was with his wife who is critically ill. Both of those absent men were Republicans. In the event, however, two men fourteen Republican members voted for ratification, which means that the Republicans have enlisted on the side of ratification more than a majority of their delegation in the House."

Colby Ready to Act.

Bainbridge Colby, Secretary of State, told suffrage leaders that he was prepared to proclaim the woman's suffrage amendment ratified as soon as he had received official notification from the State of Tennessee. He made it plain, however, that he could take no steps before that time.

The opponents of woman's suffrage stated that in the event the motion to reconsider the ratification resolution was passed today they would fight a proclamation of ratification by the Secretary of State on the basis that action Tennessee, Virginia and New Hampshire was unconstitutional. They contended that the provision of the constitution of Tennessee requiring that the legislature voting on the ratification of a Federal amendment be elected on that issue has not been complied with.

Announcement Necessary.

As soon as the Secretary of State announces the amendment is ratified, the women in all States will become automatically Federal citizens, according to an opinion of the Attorney General. The suffrage amendment is identical, except as to subject matter, with the Fifteenth amendment, and that amendment has been ruled by the Supreme Court to be self-executing and to render operative contrary provisions of State constitutions and statutes.

Missouri May Act.

The Governor of Missouri has stated that he will call a special session of the legislature if it is found necessary. The attorney general of Georgia has announced that there will be an opportunity for women to register for the November elections in October. There still is some question as to the necessity for legislation in Alabama, Connecticut, Delaware, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, South Carolina and Vermont.

"Ratification must be protected in the courts against the attacks of its opponents," Miss Paul said. "It

ULTIMATE LEADERS IN LONG SUFFRAGE FIGHT  
NOW CROWNED BY WOMEN'S ENFRANCHISEMENT



These women were instrumental in obtaining the greatest modern recognition of women, that of enfranchisement as citizens of the United States. They are, above (left), Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, president of the National American Woman's Suffrage Association; center, Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, dean of American suffragists, who died within the past year; right, Mrs. Maud Wood Park, chairman of the National League of Women Voters. Below is the militant wing of the Suffrage party who picketed the White House and went to jail for it. Left, Miss Lucy Burns, who with Miss Alice Paul (center), founded the Women's party. Miss Paul is now chairman of the party. Right, Miss Maud Younger, chairman of the committee which lobbied Congress for the suffrage amendment. It has been the work of these

HEADQUARTERS HERE IS ALL BUT SWAMPED  
WITH CONGRATULATIONS OVER RATIFICATION

Victory in the fight of many years for woman suffrage brought thousands of messages of congratulation to the National Woman's Party headquarters, 14 Jackson Place northwest, yesterday, within a few hours after the news of ratification had been sent broadcast over the country from Tennessee.

Prominent men and women were jubilant in their comment over the final triumph which gives suffrage to women of the entire country. Statements of many follow:

"Last Bars Removed."

Mrs. Annette Adams, Assistant Attorney General, Department of Justice, said: "I might say would be a bromide for me to say that the women are saying the same thing. But this marks the removal of the last bar that has prevented woman from taking her deserved place in national affairs."

Mrs. Frank Hiram Smith, 1721 Twenty-first street northwest, on notification committee to Gov. Cox: "I must say that my first thought was of Mrs. Catt. Oh, that wonderful woman that has done her life's work! My second thought was of Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, that she did not live to see the confirmation of the amendment. My next thought was 27,000,000 votes for the Democratic party this fall."

Thinks It Means League.

Mrs. Louis F. Post, wife of Acting Secretary of Labor, 2513 Twelfth street northwest: "Nothing to say except that I am especially glad that it has come in time for the November elections. The issues (this fall) are those which appeal especially to women, and I am confident that the great nations will be justified by their vote."

Mrs. Florence Jackson Stoddard, president of the National Pen League and of the International Literary Association, 2019 N street northwest: "I am perfectly new to the basis that action Tennessee, Virginia and New Hampshire was unconstitutional. They contended that the provision of the constitution of Tennessee requiring that the legislature voting on the ratification of a Federal amendment be elected on that issue has not been complied with."

As soon as the Secretary of State announces the amendment is ratified, the women in all States will become automatically Federal citizens, according to an opinion of the Attorney General. The suffrage amendment is identical, except as to subject matter, with the Fifteenth amendment, and that amendment has been ruled by the Supreme Court to be self-executing and to render operative contrary provisions of State constitutions and statutes.

Missouri May Act.

The Governor of Missouri has stated that he will call a special session of the legislature if it is found necessary. The attorney general of Georgia has announced that there will be an opportunity for women to register for the November elections in October. There still is some question as to the necessity for legislation in Alabama, Connecticut, Delaware, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, South Carolina and Vermont.

"Ratification must be protected in the courts against the attacks of its opponents," Miss Paul said. "It

Women Now Vote  
In These Nations;  
List Numbers 27

Isle of Man	1881
New Zealand	1893
Australia	1902
Finland	1906
Norway	1907
Denmark	1915
Mexico	1917
Russia	1917
Poland	1918
Ireland	1918
Scotland	1918
Wales	1918
Austria	1918
Canada	1918
Czechoslovakia	1918
Germany	1918
Hungary	1918
England	1918
Holland	1919
Belgium	1919
British East Africa	1919
Rhodesia	1919
Luxembourg	1919
Iceland	1919
Uruguay (municipal)	1919
Sweden	1919
United States	1920

VICTORY OF WOMEN  
ENDS BATTLE BEGUN  
WAY BACK IN 1875

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.

If it would have been but Representative Harry Burns, of McMinn County, immediately announced he changed his vote from "no" to "aye." This gave victory for the resolution of ratification. Burns is the youngest Representative in the house.

Adjourn After Decision.

Immediately after the vote the house adjourned on motion by Riddick.

Leaders of suffrage forces declared it will be "absolutely impossible" for Speaker Walker to change the result through a reconsideration. Women now will be able to vote in the November elections on equality with men unless the amendment is blocked in the courts or a reconsideration changes the result.

The vote in the house came with dramatic suddenness after an ineffectual attempt to table the resolution of ratification had been made.

Speaker Moved to Table.

Speaker Walker moved to table the vote on this was 48 to 48 and the house went into an uproar because of the roll call and a doubt. A second roll call also failed.

Then the speaker announced the vote would be taken on the original resolution providing for ratification. When order had been restored, the clerk began the roll call, and the speakers held their breath. The vote was announced as 49 to 47. Speaker Walker was immediately on his feet and the house was in confusion.

Then Walker said: "I change my vote."

This made the resolution 50 in favor of suffrage and 46 against it.

Session Stormy.

The session was another stormy one. Time and again the sergeant-at-arms was employed to restore order. Speaker Walker and Representative Riddick, when the motion to table was up, engaged in an altercation that looked like it might develop into a fight, and the sergeant-at-arms and several members rushed to them. Spectators hooted, cheered and hissed, and the fact that they adhered so closely to a point, this made the transaction of business difficult.

The speaker threatened at one time to adjourn the session unless the members took their seats. Several members had to be persuaded by the sergeant-at-arms.

Plan Legal Attack.

A legal attack will be made on suffrage according to the officers of the Tennessee Constitutional League which is composed of lawyers. The argument will be that the States constitution forbade action by this session of the legislature.

Aside from this and the possibility of a change in the result through a reconsideration, the only step remaining to make the Nineteenth amendment operative is the promulgation of a decree from the Secretary of State.

Suffragists estimated there are 27,000,000 women voters in the country. Seven million of these already had Presidential suffrage through State action, and 17,000,000 had local suffrage.

Leaders Are Jubilant.

"Tennessee has ended our fight for political freedom and our gratitude to her is boundless," said Miss Sue S. White, Tennessee chairman of the National Woman's Party.

Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, president of the National American Woman Suffrage Association, said: "Tennessee has triumphantly closed the sixty years of the woman's struggle for the right to have their prayers counted on election date. The gallant men of the volunteer State, unafraid of the intimidation, have opened at last the long looked door through which millions of grateful women will pass to political freedom."

"Ratification of the amendment is more than a victory for woman suffrage. It is proof of the inviolable integrity of the Tennessee legislature, a fact which should fill every Tennessee heart with pride."

History of Fight.

The Tennessee legislature was called into special session a week ago to consider the suffrage amendment by Gov. A. H. Roberts.

Lobbyists by the score worked early and late, and political leaders of both parties joined the struggle, among them President Wilson, Gov. Cox, Senator Harding, Senator McKellar, and several Congressmen and lesser lights. "Political pressure," as much as any other thing, has been the chief factor in accomplishing the suffrage victory.

Ratification of the amendment brings to an end a struggle to obtain votes for women which began with the civil war and crowned by the defeat of Susan B. Anthony, who was the pioneer in the suffrage movement in America. The resolution approved today was drawn by Miss Anthony in 1875, and was introduced in the United States Senate in 1878. It went before the States in June, 1919, since when women have carried on a spirited campaign throughout the country to obtain ratification.

Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, New York City, member national executive committee: "Women have won the first round in their fight for full equality with men. Through the victory of the suffrage amendment we must now go forward with the purpose of ending discriminations against women in all fields of endeavor, and to make our purpose the consciousness of the victory won today."

Woodward & Lothrop  
New York—WASHINGTON—Paris

August Clearance  
Fine Chinese  
Furniture

Rattan, Reed and Sea Grass  
One-Third Less Former Prices

The collection embraces a number of attractive designs and unique shapes in comfortable chairs and rockers for which the oriental craftsmen are noted. Our entire stock of Chinese Furniture is included in this sale, consisting of about 50 pieces which we are closing out, as we need the space to display new autumn goods.

This furniture is of the better quality and very durably made. Shown in the natural and the natural and black combinations.

Now Reduced to These Prices

\$5.75	\$9.75	\$10.75
\$12.75	\$13.75	\$15.75

Reed Furniture Section, Fifth Floor.

36-Inch Size Steamer Trunks Special \$15.00

High quality and durable; covered with excellent fiber. A splendid trunk for all travel purposes; only a limited quantity.

Trunk Section, Fourth Floor.

took place yesterday at noon at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin L. Whitte, 1847 California street, when their daughter, Miss Dorothy Whitte, became the bride of Walter H. Stammer, of Fresno, Cal. The ceremony, at which only a small company of relatives and intimate friends were present, was performed by the Rev. W. A. Macke, and the house was beautifully decorated with hydrangea, gladioli and palms.

The bride was attended by Jean Fraser, tiny daughter of Mrs. R. A. Fraser, of Brooklyn, N. Y., as flower girl, and the bridegroom was unattended. A wedding breakfast followed at the New Willard Hotel, when the guests included the relatives and out-of-town guests here for the wedding, the latter including Mrs. Fraser, A. O. Larsen and Miss Lillian Larsen, of New York; Mr. and Mrs. Stammer, of Fresno; and the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin L. Whitte, of California.

The weekly luncheon of the Woman's Press Club will be held today at the Florida Inn, 726 Seventeenth street northwest.

Miss Lemoine Dunlop, who has been visiting on Long Island, has rejoined her mother, Mrs. Archibald McCrea, at Hot Springs, Va.

BE PRETTY! TURN GRAY HAIR DARK

Try Grandmother's Old Favorite Recipe of Sage Tea and Sulphur.

Almost everyone knows that Sage Tea and Sulphur properly compounded, brings back the natural color and lustre to the hair when faded, streaked or gray. Years ago the only way to get this mixture was to make it at home, which is messy and troublesome. Nowadays, by asking at any drug store for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," you will get a large bottle of this famous old recipe, improved by the addition of other ingredients, at a small cost.

Don't stay gray! Try it! No one can possibly tell if you darkened your hair, as it does it so naturally and evenly. You dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair disappears, and after another application of two, your hair becomes beautifully dark, glossy and attractive.—Adv.